

## **Chapter 89, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES**

### **Part 2, Underage Consumption on Private Property [Adopted 10-10-2000 by Ord. No. O-37-2000]**

#### **ARTICLE V, Prohibitions; Penalties; Exemptions**

##### **§ 89-21. Underage consumption prohibited.**

It shall be unlawful for any person under the legal age to, without legal authority, knowingly possess or knowingly consume an alcoholic beverage on private property.

##### **§ 89-22. Violations and penalties.**

Any person violating the provisions of this Part 2 shall, in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 40:48-1, as amended, be punished by a fine of \$250 for a first offense and \$350 for any subsequent offense.

##### **§ 89-23. Additional penalties.**

- A. In addition to the fine authorized for this offense, the court may suspend or postpone for six months the driving privilege of the defendant. Upon the conviction of any person and the suspension or postponement of that person's driver's license, the court shall forward a report to the Division of Motor Vehicles stating the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:48-1, as amended. If a person at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the period of license postponement, including a suspension or postponement of the privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run for a period of six months after the person reaches the age of 17 years.
- B. If a person at the time of the imposition of a sentence has a valid driver's license issued by this state, the court shall immediately collect the license and forward it to the Division of Motor Vehicles along with the report. If for any reason the license cannot be collected, the Court shall include in the report the complete name, address, date of birth, eye color and sex of the person, as well as the first and last date of the license suspension period imposed by the court.
- C. The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of



operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or postponement, the person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S. 39:3-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice, or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice, shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S. 39:3-40.

- D. If a person convicted under this Part 2 is not a New Jersey resident, the Court shall suspend or postpone, as appropriate, the nonresident driving privilege of the person based on the age of the person and submit it to the Division of Motor Vehicles on the required report. The Court shall not collect the license of a nonresident convicted under this Part 2. Upon receipt of a report for the Court, the Division of Motor Vehicles shall notify the appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction of the suspension or postponement.

**§ 89-24. Exceptions.**

- A. Nothing contained in this Part 2 is intended, nor shall it be construed, as prohibiting an underaged person from consuming or possessing an alcoholic beverage in connection with a religious observance, ceremony or rite or consuming or possessing a alcoholic beverage in the presence of and with the permission of a parent, guardian or relative who has attained the legal age to purchase and consume alcoholic beverages.

- B. As used in the preceding section (§ 89-24A hereof), the following terms shall have the meaning set forth:

GUARDIAN -- A person who has qualified as a guardian of the underaged person pursuant to testamentary or court appointment.

RELATIVE -- The underaged person's grandparent, aunt or uncle, sibling, or any other person related by blood or affinity.

- C. Nothing contained in this Part 2 is intended, nor shall it be construed, as prohibiting possession of alcoholic beverages by any such person while actually engaged in the performance of employment by a person who is licensed under Title 33 of the Revised Statutes, or while actively engaged in the preparation of food while enrolled in a culinary arts or hotel management program at a county vocational school or post-secondary education institution; provided, however, that this Part 2 shall not be construed to preclude the imposition of a penalty under this Part 2, N.J.S.A. 33:1-81 or any other section of law against a person who is convicted of unlawful alcoholic beverage activity on or at premises licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages.